Testimony in support of H7452 and H7165

Ms. DiMezza,

Attached is **Erotic Laborers Alliance** of New England testimony in support of H7452 and H7165 for the Judiciary Committee's consideration in advance of the hearing <u>on February 15</u>

To the House Judiciary Committee,

We would like to express our organization's strong support of H7452, repealing provisions that assess additional fees to those convicted prostitution related offenses, and repealing the crime of loitering for prostitution. **We are ELA-ONE**

Erotic Laborers Alliance of New England We are a sex worker advocacy group working to build community, shape policy, and amplify the voices of sex workers. We have witnessed our community members struggle with financial hardships due to accumulation of court fines and penalties.

Section 2 of this bill revises the "Community correctional program for

women offenders" statute. Under the current law, people who are charged with commercial sexual activity crimes are subject to fines additional to those already required by law for criminal convictions. They face an extra fee of \$350-\$500 or more, in addition to the fines ranging from \$250-\$1000 that are given as a penalty for their conviction. An arrest already creates numerous financial hardships stemming not just from fines assessed by the court, but by additional costs for things like transportation, childcare, missing work, etc. Adding such a significant additional financial burden to someone who is arrested can be devastating.

Thank you for your consideration,

ELA-ONE Elaone.org

To the House Judiciary Committee,

My name is Trisha Newalu I am a co founder of ELA-ONE Erotic Laborers Alliance Of

New England.

I would like to express my strong support of H7452, repealing provisions that assess additional fees to those convicted prostitution related offenses, and repealing the crime of loitering for prostitution.

Section 2 of this bill revises the "Community correctional program for women offenders" statute. Under the current law, people who are charged with commercial sexual activity crimes are subject to fines additional to those already required by law for criminal convictions. They face an extra fee of \$350-\$500 or more, in addition to the fines ranging from \$250-\$1000 that are given as a penalty for their conviction. An arrest already creates numerous financial hardships stemming not just from fines assessed by the court, but by additional costs for things like transportation, childcare, missing work, etc. Adding such a significant additional financial burden to someone who is arrested can be devastating.

The existing law states no justification for these additional costs, which are deposited as "general revenue". Considering the state's low arrest rate for prostitution crimes, there cannot be a significant financial benefit for the state, but for those people that are arrested, these costs can be debilitating. For that reason, it is critical that Rhode Island eliminate these unnecessary fees, rather than create a financial burden that creates barriers to well-being.

Section 3 of this bill repeals Rhode Island's "Loitering for prostitution" law. Loitering for prostitution laws have been repealed in New York, California,

and Seattle, Washington, citing evidence that these statutes are disproportionately enforced against communities of color and transgender people. Because the law is constructed so vaguely, it allows law enforcement to rely on judging a person's appearance when determining if they're in a public place for the purpose of prostitution, allowing biases to influence their judgment. This leads to unnecessary criminalization of communities that are already marginalized. Additionally, this statute is rarely utilized: according to law enforcement reporting on arrests required by Rhode Island law, there have only been two arrests for loitering for prostitution over the past 15 years.

Rhode Island's "Special Legislative Study Commission Ensuring Racial Equity and Optimizing Health and Safety Laws Affecting Marginalized Individuals" issued a report in 2023 recommending the removal of additional penalties for commercial sexual activity and the repeal of loitering for prostitution. Heeding the Commission's recommendations would ensure that already marginalized people are not further burdened by unnecessary criminalization and financial hardship.

It is critical that you pass H7452 in order to protect marginalized communities, ensure that biases cannot lead to unnecessary criminalization, and stop creating devastating financial burdens to those already experiencing hardship.

Thank you for your consideration,

Trisha Newalu,

Certified Sex Educator Intimacy Coordinator Elaone.org